



### USB-CAN converter

Supplies with USB-OBD II cable for connecting to vehicle CAN BUS

CARiOT

Russia, Saint-Petersburg, 2016  
tech@cariot.ru

# 1 DESCRIPTION

---

## 1.1 COMMON:

- PC compatibility – USB 2.0;
- CAN speed up to 1 Mbit/sec;
- CAN Listen only mode;
- ASCII protocol compatible with CANHacker and BUSMASTER;
- Metallic enclosure;
- Galvanic isolation;
- ESD protection;
- OBD II cable included.

Technical specifications:

- CAN speed up to 1 Mbit/sec;
- CAN controller – STM (ST microelectronics);
- CAN transceiver – MCP2551 (Microchip electronics);
- Insulator – ADUM1201 (Analog devices);
- ESD protection – PESD2CAN (NXP Semiconductors);
- CAN connector – DB9 (male);
- Power over USB;
- Driver – virtual serial port;
- OS – Windows XP+ 32/64 bit;
- LED indicators: Power, Activity, Error;
- Connector: USB – mini USB B;
- Size 53x53x26 mm;
- Enclosure material – aluminum;

## 1.2 SCOPE OF DELIVERY

1. USB-CAN converter;
2. Cable mini USB B – USB A;
3. Cable DB9 – OBD II;
4. CD containing software and user manual;
5. Warranty card.

### 1.3 INDICATIONS

There are three LED indicators on the converter's enclosure.

Green LED – Power indicator, it turns on after successful connecting with USB.

Blue LED – Shows activity on CAN BUS.

Red LED – Shows errors on CAN BUS and turns off after user reads them.

## 1.4 CAN CONNECTOR PINOUT

DB9 connector pinout is compatible with CiA recommendations and represented in following table.

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	-	Not in use
2	CAN-L	CAN-L (dominant -)
3	CAN GND	Common ground
4	-	Not in use
5	-	Not in use
6	CAN GND	Common ground
7	CAN-H	CAN-H (dominant +)
8	-	Not in use
9	-	Not in use

## 1.5 LOAD RESISTORS

USB CAN Converter does not include any load or terminating resistors. External resistors could be added if needed.

## 1.6 DRIVER

Driver is on CD disk within USB CAN converter package or can be downloaded from manufacturer web site <http://www.scan.cariot.ru> No additional configuration after driver installation does not needed.

## 2 ASCII COMMANDS

---

### 2.1 COMMON

USB CAN converter exchanges ASCII commands with PC. Each command ends with a CR (0x13) symbol, this symbol does not include in command description. After successful command execution device answers with a CR symbol, if there are no special conditions within command. If command does not execute, device answers with a BELL (0x07) symbol. All commands are case sensitive.

Digits are represented in HEX.

### 2.2 COMMANDS

#### 2.2.1 Connect CAN BUS

CAN BUS connects with one of three commands: **O**, **L** or **Y**. **O** command turns on CAN controller on previous configured speed, **L** command additionally turns on spy (or silent) mode, in which CAN controller does not send «Acknowledge bit» in CAN BAS, **Y** turns on echo mode, in which controller accepts commands sent with it.

#### 2.2.2 CAN BUS disable

For disabling CAN BUS use **C** command. Some commands can be used only if CAN BUS is disabled.

#### 2.2.3 Configure standard CAN BUS speed.

You can choose preconfigures CAN BUS speed with a **Sn** command, where n – is number from following table. Command is available only if CAN BUS is disabled.

N	SPRRD
1	20 kbit/sec
2	50 kbit/sec
3	100 kbit/sec
4	125 kbit/sec
5	250 kbit/sec
6	500 kbit/sec
7	800 kbit/sec
8	1 Mbit/sec

#### 2.2.4 Configure custom, nonstandard speed

#### 2.2.5 Sending first standard packet

Standard packet sending is executed with **tiildd[0..8]** command. If successful, answer will be – **Z**, if fail – BELL. Command is available after CAN BUS is enabled.

Settings:

**iii** – 11-bit CAN identifier.

**l** – data field length (DLC), 0...8.

**dd[0..8]** – data bits, amount must be according **l** field.

#### 2.2.6 Sending standard read query

Read query with standard address is sending with **riiil** command. If successful, answer will be – **Z**, if fail – BELL. Command is available after CAN BAS is enabled.

Settings:

**iii** – 11-bit CAN identifier.

**l** – data field length (DLC), 0...8.

#### 2.2.7 Sending extended packed

Extended data packets with 29 bit address sends with a **Tiiiiiiiidd[0..8]** command. If successful, answer will be – **Z**, if fail – BELL. Command is available after CAN BAS is enabled.

Settings:

**iiiiiii** – 29-bit CAN identifier.

**l** – data field length (DLC), 0...8.

**dd[0..8]** – data bits, amount should be according **l** field.

#### 2.2.8 Sending extended read query

Read query with extended address sends with **Riiiiiiiil** command. If successful, answer will be – **Z**, if fail – BELL. Command is available after CAN BAS is enabled.

Settings:

**iiiiiii** – 29-bit CAN identifier.

**l** – data field length (DLC), 0...8.

#### 2.2.9 Enabling / Disabling hardware timestamps

With **Z1/Z0** command you can enable/disable hardware timestamps. Command works only if CAN BUS is enabled.

#### 2.2.10 Setup filter mode

**D1/D0** – double/single filter mode (32bit filter or two 16bit filters).

#### 2.2.11 Configure code and filter mask

Filter code sets with a **Mxxxxxxxx** command, the mask sets with **mxxxxxxxx** command.

#### 2.2.12 Controller status query

You can get controller status flags with a **F** command. Status in answer will be **Fxx**, where xx – status flags in HEX mode.

#### 2.2.13 Version query

To get device version use **V**. The answer will be **Vxxyy**, where **xx** – hardware version, and **yy** – software version

#### 2.2.14 Serial number query

You can get serial number with **N** command. The answer will be decimal serial number. For example: N12345678.